LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT

No. D. 3046—*C. S.* 29-38-2, *dated* 22*nd September* 1938.

In exercise of the powers vested in them under Rule 32 (3) of the rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Act as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to nominate (1) the Deputy Comptroller to Government, Bangalore, and (2) Mr. B. R. Krishnamachar, B.A., B.L., Retired District and Sessions Judge, Bangalore, as members of the Board of Management of the Mysore Provincial Co-operative Apex Bank, Limited, Bangalore.

No. G. 2974—*Uni.* 59-38-2, *dated* 27*th September* 1938.

The undermentioned letter D. Dis. No. F. 491-38—R.O.I., dated the 16th September 1938, from the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore, is published for general information in continuation of Notification No. G. 4119—G. M. 73-37-2, dated the 24th November 1937:—

Anti-cholera Inoculation Certificate.

Countersignature.

I am directed to refer to letter from this Residency No. F. 380-36—R. O. I., dated the 13th March 1936, and to the correspondence ending with my letter No. F. 185-37—R. O. I., dated the 12th November 1937, and to explain the intentions of the Government of India in greater detail. The question of inoculation certificates against cholera and vaccination certificates against small-pox has given rise to much controversy in the past and the Government of India are of opinion that the various orders and instructions that have issued from time to time should now be clarified beyond doubt.

2. This office letter of the 13th March 1936 mentioned above related both to inoculation against cholera and vaccination against small-pox and enclosed standard forms of certificates. The footnote to the form, in so far as vaccination against small-pox only is concerned, was modified on three occasions by instructions issued in the marginally noted letters of the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, copies of which were communicated to you with letters from this Residency No. F. 185-37—R.O.I., dated the 6th February 1937, 25th May 1937 and 12th November 1937. These modifications specified the particular countries which require the countersignature of vaccination certificates and also added to the list of authorised countersigning officers. It is now the intention of the Government of India to bring the footnote to the cholera inoculation certificate into line with the footnote to the vaccination certificate by specifying the countries whose Governments demand countersignature of cholera inoculation certificates and by bringing up to date the list of officers authorised to countersign. I am therefore to request that the footnote to the cholera certificate should be modified to read as follows:—

Letter No. F. 36-65—35—G, dated the 10th December 1936.
Letter No. F. 33-76—36—G, dated the 20th March 1937.
Letter No. F. 36-65—35—G, dated the 7th October 1937.

"*Note* I.—In the case of a pilgrim proceeding to Saudi Arabia, a certificate issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner other than a (i) Civil Surgeon, (ii) District or Municipal Medical Officer of Health, (iii) Director or Assistant Director of Health, (iv) Port Health Officer, (v) Chief Medical Officer of a Railway, (vi) Chief Medical Officer or Director of Public Health in an Indian State who possesses a qaulification included in the Schedules to the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933, (vii) Senior Medical Officer in charge of a Military Station, (viii) District Medical Officer of a Railway whether in British India or an Indian State who possesses a qualification recognised under the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933, and (ix) any other officer, who may be authorised in this behalf by the Government of India, must be countersigned by one of the officers mentioned above, the countersignature being obtained free of charge by the Registered Medical Practitioner concerned.

Note II.—When, as occasionally happens, the Iraq Government requires passengers arriving in Iraq from India to be in possession of a cholera inoculation certificate, the same rule (vide Note I) regarding countersignature of these certificates will apply."

3. It will be perceived from the substance of footnote II that non-pilgrim passengers from India to Iraq are *not* required at all times to possess cholera inoculation certificate. Such certificates are necessary only if and when the Government of Iraq intimates that they will be required. Intimation of this requirement at any time by the Government of Iraq will, as usual, be communicated by the Central Government.

By Order,

P. H. KRISHNA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
Local Self-Government Department.